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DATE MAILED: 10/20/2006

	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
	09/623,533	09/05/2000	Dominique P. Bridon	REDC-1510USA	3921
	20872	7590 10/20/2006		EXAMINER	
		& FOERSTER LLP		PARKIN, JEFFREY S	
	425 MARKET STREET SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105-2482			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1648	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commons		09/623,533	BRIDON ET AL.				
Office Action Summ	nary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Jeffrey S. Parkin, Ph.D.	1648				
The MAILING DATE of this Period for Reply	communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date If NO period for reply is specified above, the inferior to reply within the set or extended perior.	A THE MAILING DA e provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 of this communication. naximum statutory period w iod for reply will, by statute, ee months after the mailing		J. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) Responsive to communicati	on(s) filed on 16 Au	ugust 2006.					
2a) This action is FINAL .		action is non-final.					
, 	,	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is				
, <u> </u>	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1 4 6 19 21 31 36	38.39 <i>and 59-88</i> is/	are pending in the application.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allow							
	∑ Claim(s) is/ale allowed. ∑ Claim(s) <u>1, 4, 6, 19, 21, 31, 36, 38, 39, 59-88</u> is/are rejected.						
7)☐ Claim(s) is/are object		3.4.0.0.0,000.00.					
	8) Claim(s) are subjected to:						
Application Papers		,	•				
· · ·			•				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
11) I he oath or declaration is of	ected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage				
application from the I							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing	Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PT	O/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal P	atent Application				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date		6)					

Serial No.: 09/623,533 Docket No.: REDC-151USA Applicants: Bridon, D.P., et al. Filing Date: 09/05/00

Detailed Office Action

Status of the Claims

Claims 1, 4, 6, 19, 21, 31, 36, 38, 39, and 59-88 are pending in the instant application.

35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Subject matter developed by another person, which qualifies as prior art only under subsection (f) or (g) of section 102 of this title, shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 C.F.R. § 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. § 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. § 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a).

Serial No.: 09/623,533 Applicants: Bridon, D.P., et al.

Claims 1, 4, 6, 19, 21, 31, 36, 38, 39, and 59-88 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bolognesi et al. (1995), hereinafter referred to as the '944 patent, Barney et al. (2001), hereinafter referred to as the '782 patent, in view of Sivam et al. (1992), hereinafter referred to as the '944 patent, and Narazaki et al. (1996). The claims are directed toward anti-HIV peptide albumin conjugates, and compositions comprising said conjugates. The peptides encompassed in the claimed subject matter are SEQ ID NOS.: 1, 3-5, 117-119, and 534-541. These polypeptides correspond to the HIV-1 fusion inhibitor DP-178 (SEQ ID NO.: 1). Amino acid sequences 3-5 are DP-178 analogues, amino acid sequences 117-119 correspond to DP-178 amino-terminal truncations, sequences 534-541 correspond to DP-178 variants with truncations and conservative amino acid substitutions. The claims further stipulate that the conjugates a linked via a maleimide-containing group and covalently bind to cysteine 34 (Cys³⁴) in a ratio of 1:1.

The '933 patent and the '782 patent both disclose the claimed obvious variants thereof. The claimed polypeptides, or polypeptides, or obvious variants thereof, are all present in the prior art. For instance, SEQ ID NOS.: 1 and 5 are disclosed in the '933 patent (see Figure 13A and SEQ ID NO.: 5) and SEQ ID NOS.: 3, 4, 117-119, and 534-541 (see SEQ ID NOS.: 1357, 1515, 638, 800, 62, 15, and 642) are set forth in the '782 application. polypeptides are efficient at inhibiting HIV-1 virion-cell fusion. These teachings do not disclose HSA conjugates employing a maleimide linkage at Cys³⁴.

The '944 patent provides conjugates comprising an active component and human serum albumin (HSA). These conjugates are prepared using a maleimide linkage (e.g., see col. 5, lines 13-36; col. 6, lines 46-63; col. 7, lines 34-59) and form a 1:1 ratio of protein:albumin. This teaching notes that protein-albumin

 $^{^{1}}$ The '782 patent has an effective filing date of 20 May, 1998.

conjugates have several favorable properties such as improved half-lives as compared to unconjugated peptides (see col. 1, lines 7-10; col. 3, lines 49-53). This teaching does not disclose HSA conjugates that are linked through Cys³⁴.

Narazaki and colleagues examined the binding interaction between human serum albumin (HSA) and drugs containing thiol groups and determined that this interaction takes place through Cys³⁴.

Therefore, it would have been prima facie obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to prepare conjugates comprising DP-178 and derivatives thereof, as taught by Bolognesi et al. (1995) and Barney et al. (2001), and HSA, as provided by Sivam et al. (1992), since Sivam and colleagues teach that protein: HSA conjugates have improved properties such as increased half-lives and greater solubilities. Moreover, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to utilize Cys³⁴, as identified by Narazaki et al. (1996), since this amino acid is located on the surface of the protein and is readily available for conjugation. One of ordinary skill in the art would have also been motivated to use a maleimide linker, as disclosed by Sivam et al. (1992), since this represents a routine method for preparing thio compounds that readily react with Cys³⁴, identified by Narazaki and colleagues. Thus, both the motivation and a reasonable expectation of success were present in the prior art.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Jeffrey S. Parkin, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (571) 272-0908. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 10:30 AM to 9:00 PM. A message may be left on the examiner's voice mail service. If attempts to reach the examiner are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bruce R. Campell, Ph.D., can be reached at (571) 272-0974. Direct general status inquiries to the Technology Center 1600 receptionist at (571) 272-1600. Informal communications may be submitted to the Examiner's RightFAX account

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at (571) 273-0908.

Applicants are reminded that the United States Patent and requires patent Office (Office) most Trademark correspondence to be: a) faxed to the Central FAX number (571-273-8300) (updated as of July 15, 2005), b) hand carried or delivered to the Customer Service Window (now located at the Randolph Building, 401 Dulany Street, Alexandria, VA 22314), c) mailed to the mailing address set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.1 (e.g., P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450), or d) transmitted to the Office using the Office's Electronic Filing System. This notice replaces all prior Office notices specifying a specific fax number or hand carry address for certain patent related correspondence. further information refer to the Updated Notice of Centralized Delivery and Facsimile Transmission Policy for Patent Related Correspondence, and Exceptions Thereto, 1292 Off. Gaz. Pat. Office 186 (March 29, 2005).

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Respectfully,

Jeffrey S. Parkin, Ph.D.

Primary Examiner Art Unit 1648

18 October, 2006